Write the title briefly, clearly, concisely, interesting, and describing the content maximum 15 words, sentence case, bold, 14pt size

(Subtitle 12pt size, capital first letter can be used when needed)

# Abstract

The abstract is a mini representation of the entire article. Make sure the abstract includes in a concise manner: Research objectives, which represent the primary research questions that require resolution; Research methods in conducting the research outline; The most significant results/findings of the research; The main implications of the research findings; Research Limitations (if any); The abstract should between 100 to 200 words.

Keywords: Choose 3 to 5 words or phrases that are most relevant and accurately reflect the topic, methodology, and key findings of the research. In determining keywords, consider technical terms, key concepts, and variables that are an important part of the research. Separate every keyword with semicolons.

#

# Introduction

The Introduction should begin with a general background of the research topic, providing context and establishing urgency and rationale for the study. Relevant and current literature should be incorporated to provide context and highlight the research gaps, ensuring that references are original and directly related to the research topic. The presentation should be coherent chronologically and the logical relationship between one paragraph and the following paragraph should be clear.

# Research Methods

The research methods section should present the experimental procedure in detail and systematically so that it can be reproduced by other researchers and produce consistent findings. If the procedure refers to previous research, appropriate and accurate references must be included. The description of the methodology should be clear and complete, including all steps, materials, and equipment used. Authors are also encouraged to include information on supporting materials or additional relevant details to strengthen the reproducibility and validity of the study.

# Result

Present the research results neatly, completely, and systematically. Use tables, figures, and schemes that are clear, easy to read, accurate, and have sufficient resolution to visualize the findings. Each piece of data presented must be logically connected to the discussion, ensuring that the meaning and impact of the research findings can be interpreted correctly.

# Discussion

The flow of the discussion should have a clear structure, gradually directing attention to the key points on which the research conclusions are based. Conduct a thorough comparative analysis between the research results and previous studies, especially those discussed in the introduction.

# Conclusion

The conclusion section summarizes the research's key findings by addressing the objectives of the study. Present the results of the research data and analysis that support the conclusion statement. The section may include research limitations and suggestions for improvements, as well as recommendations for future research and policy changes. The conclusions should be written critically, carefully, logically, and honestly, based on the facts obtained. The conclusion should be presented concisely in no more than two paragraphs and avoid lists of conclusions in bullet or number form.

# References

Authors are encouraged to use Mendeley or Zotero Reference Manager Software. The citation and reference formatting should follow the Vancouver Style guidelines. While it is not necessary to have an extensive list of references, a minimum of 15 references is required with at least 80% of them from main source. Journal article references are recommended to be no more than 7 years old, except if they remain relevant 30% at most.

Example:

1. Anjaningrum WD, Santoso R, Viloria VA, Cucio JS, Aqromi NL. BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE CAPABILITIES AND ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE: SERIAL MEDIATION OF KNOWLEDGE ABSORPTIVE CAPACITY AND INNOVATION. In: Proceedings of the International Conference of Islamic Economics and Business (ICONIES). 2024. p. 1141–56.

2. Anjaningrum WD, Yogatama AN, Sidi AP, Hermawati A, Suci RP. The impact of Penta-Helix Collaborative Business Incubation Process on the creative business strategic orientation and innovation capability. International Journal of Learning and Intellectual Capital. 2024;

3. Sidi AP, Santoso R. Creative Industriesâ€TM Risk Appetite in East Java and Its Impact on Dynamic Capability and Competitive Advantage. Binus Business Review [Internet]. 2024 Jun 14 [cited 2025 Aug 6];15(2):107–17. Available from: https://journal.binus.ac.id/index.php/BBR/article/view/10429

4. Ningsih WF, Handayani YI. The Influence of Financing, Financing Risk and Liquidity Risk on the Profitability of Private Islamic Commercial Banks (BUS) in Indonesia. Jurnal Ilmiah Bisnis dan Ekonomi Asia [Internet]. 2025 Jul 14 [cited 2025 Aug 6];19(2):142–53. Available from: https://jibeka.asia.ac.id/index.php/jibeka/article/view/2368

5. Dura J, Wardana D. The Sustainability Role of Women Entrepreneurs through the Digital Financial Literacy Movement. Popul Econ. 2024;8:108–29.

Table 1 Data

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Number | Informant | Information |
| 1 | Mr Hamid | Head village |
| 2 | Mrs. Siti | Secretary village |
| 3 | Mr Robi | Sub-District Head |

Source: Explained, Year

Figure 1 Figure

Source: Explained, Year

## Formula

Author is suggested to use the equation editor in the typing formula. The formulas should be located on the left where the caption number is at the end of the right margin which is preceded by periods along the formula and description number.

Y = α + β1.X1it + β2.X2it + β3.X3it + β4.X4it + β5.X5it + β6.X6it 1

## Citation

Citation in the Vancouver style is a numbering system commonly used in scientific publications in the medical and health sciences fields. The writing method is quite straightforward. Within the body of the text, each reference is assigned a number sequentially according to its first appearance. This number is typically placed in square brackets at the end of the sentence or clause where the source is cited(1). If you need to cite multiple sources at once(2,3), separate the numbers with commas, such as, or if they are in a sequence, use a hyphen, for example (1–5).